every time he leaves the hotel, despite the efforts of the Eurgomaster and police. Among the throng which dog his footsteps

is recorded by these special commissioners who represent the most fashionable tailor-

ing firms in Europe.

These same firms send representatives

to England on the occasion of great society

English ladies' tailors borrow in similar

fashion from the Continent, sending repre-sentatives to the Riviers, Monte Carlo and

Paris. The paper states that what promises to be a fashionable coat for ladies was

introduced in England after the visit of

one of these commissioners to Monte Carlo,

where he saw a "gem" and adapted it. The Duchess of Marlborough was the first

HAT OF STRAW SUCKED BY KINGS.

Now Big Reward Is Offered.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The proprietor of a

not of a costly variety of Panama, but is

rather a rough looking straw hat, yet it was

the pride of the proprietor's life because it

was woven of straws through which the

crowned heads of Europe have at various

times sucked cooling drinks dispensed in

the owner's establishment. For a long

period of years this King worshipper has

been collecting straws from the royal lips,

scorning mere nobles or statesmen. Then

when the collection was complete the hat

was manufactured and triumphantly

crowned the owner's head. It has been

stolen by a waiter. One wonders how

many straws King Edward, who is now at

Marienbad, may expect to find in any drink

he may take at this café if the proprietor is

Str Michael Hicks-Beach Coming.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

family are passengers on the Cunard steam-

ship Umbria from Liverpool for New York

Sir Michael is Member of Parliament for

West Bristol, and preceded Austen Cham-

berlain as Chancellor of the Exchequer. He

served as Chief Secretary for Ireland from

1874 to 1878 and Secretary for the Colonies

King Alfonso's Sister to Wed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MADRID, Aug. 19 .- The newspapers an-

nounce that a marriage has been arranged

between Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria

and the Infanta Maria Teresa, sister of King

Alfonso, who was born Nov. 12, 1882. The

Prince is the first cousin of the Infanta.

He is the elder son of Prince Louis Ferdinand

of Bavaria, who married the Infanta de la

Paz, sister of King Alfonso's father. He

No Tariff Exchange With Germany.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
BERLIN, Aug. 19.-The United States and

dermany have as yet not even exchanged

he tariff drafts which will form the basis of

the negotiations for a commercial treaty.

The talk about results of the negotiations,

in Junior sizes.

was born in Madrid on May 10, 1884.

LONDON, Aug. 19.-The Right Honorable Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart., and his

determined to replace the lost treasure.

races and the Cowes regatta.

to wear one of the coats.

The case will come up Monday. Miss Robertson alleges that at the time of the robbery she was under the influence of knockout drops which she claims were administered to her in a highball. She said that she did not regain consciousness until the next morning, when she saw Grover leaving the room. She immediately informed the police of the West Thirtieth street station, but they arrived

at no results.

When Grover was arrested the police found on him a vial containing, chloral hydrate. His clothing had a number of secret pockets. It is a felony, under the code, to carry so-called knockout drops. The man is unknown to the police of this city.

At

\$1.65

\$3.45

\$2.45

\$1.95

At

\$1.00

At

\$1.45

Fifth Avenue Styles and Qualities at Pifth Avenue

HID WOUND TILL HE COLLAPSED.

Victim of Negro Saloon Shooting Affray

Transferred From Patrol to Ambulance.

Walking in Seventh avenue between

Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets last night

Detective Sergeant Fogarty heard shots

from the direction of a saloon kept by

William J. McGinnis. Entering, he walked into an atmosphere blue with smoke, through

which he could see two negroes. He ar-

rested them and took them around the

There they said they had been settling

a little difference between themselves, with

no harm to either. They gave their names

as William Johnson of 210 East Thirty-

fourth street and William Emery of 424

MARK TWAIN HAS THE GOUT.

Humorist Just Recovering From a Severe

NORFOLK, Conn., Aug. 19.—Mark Twain is recovering from a severe attack of the

gout at Edgewood, a cottage occupied

this season by Miss Clara Clemens, his daughter. He was attacked one week

corner to the Tenderloin station.

West Forty-first street.

10 West 22d St., GOOD SERVICE

Gowns, Waists, Skirts. and Tailored Suits.

Fogarty took them to the wagon for a ride to Police Headquarters. Emery took a seat quietly enough, but when Johnson was shoved toward him he said:

"I prefah ta stand up, boss, if you don't Jewelry While Visiting Her. Lewellyn Grover, an engineer, who re-fused his address, was held in \$2,500 bail-yesterday by Magistrate Whitman in the

"You'll sit down, I guess," was the reply as Johnson was forced to the seat.

No sconer had he touched the seat than the negro collapsed and writhed on the floor of the wagon. His self-control was gone and he was no longer able to conceal the fact that he had been wounded. Fogarty at once called an ambulance from the New York Hospital.

Sergt. McGloin of the Tenderloin police sent the reserves to McGinnis's after Fogarty brought in the negroes. They found the fixtures liberally punctured with bullet holes. They arrested two white men, Martin Campbell of 500 West Forty-ninth street and Thomas Gladwin of 447 West Forty-eighth. efferson Market police court on a charge of grand larceny preferred by Marion Rob-

SNAPSHOTTING EDWARDS DUDS. WOMANMURDEREDBYSERVANT

Army of Tallers' Commissioners Fellow England's King, Socking Pointers. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Reports from Marienbad describe King Edward as being mobbed WIFE OF MERCHANT SHOT DEAD IN HUSBAND'S STORE.

Believed That She Died in Defense of Her Honor-Murderer Confesses His Crime and Gives Himself Up to the Police -His Father Insane Asylum Inmate

is, according to a trade paper, quite an army of tailors armed with note books and NEWBURGH, N. Y., Aug. 19 .- Mrs. Chester Each little change in the King's clothes Palmer, wife of a merchant of Fishkill Landing, was shot dead in her husband's store at 8:45 o'clock to-night by Ferris Mead, a man about 25 years old, who was employed in the ice cream department of functions such as the Ascot and Goodwood

is one of the largest in the town.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, who live in a flat over the store, were entertaining some relatives from New York and Mr. Palmer had gone with his guest to Mount Beacon, Mrs. Palmer remaining in the store until her husband's return. At the time of the shooting the only persons in the store were Mabel Hollis, a fifteen-year-old girl, employed as a clerk; Mrs. Palmer and Mead The ice cream parlor is separated from the rear room by a screen. Miss Hollis was sitting at a table when Mrs. Palmer went

to a rear room. Mead had been down the cellar, a door leading from the cellar to the Cafe Man Had It Woven, Walter Stole It and Miss Hollis at first said that Mead had attempted an assault upon Mrs. Palmer and that she heard her scream and then heard the pistol shot. Later she refused to confirm this statement, but it is the general opinion that Mrs. Palmer died while protecting her honor.

As soon as Mead fired the shot he rushed out from the heak from to the store and fashionable café at Marienbad has lost a straw hat, for the recovery of which he offers a reward of 2,000 france. The hat is

As soon as Mead fired the shot he rushed out from the back room to the store and said to Miss Hollis: "I have shot Mrs. Palmer and am going to the police to give myself up." He walked to the police station and in a calm manner said to Police Justice Hoyt: "I have just shot Mrs. Palmer and want to give myself up." He was coked up.

ocked up.

Mrs. Palmer lived only a few minutes, not regaining consciousness. The bullet had entered her heart. Her clothing was burned, showing that the weapon had been

ago to-day and has been a very sick man. He is still confined to his bed, but his speedy recovery is now expected. Dr. Edward Quintard of New York, a summer resident of Norfolk, is attending Mr. Clemens, who hopes to be able to leave here next Friday. held close to her breast.

Mead later said that the shooting was accidental. He said he pulled his hand-kerchief from his pocket when the weapon fell out and exploded. It is learned that he had threatened Mrs. Palmer on several occasions.

Mead's father is insane, having been sent to the Hudson River State Hospital about a year ago.

MAN KILLED IN PARK KNOWN.

Was a Lambertville Italian Who'd Come to New York With \$200.

The Italian who was stabbed to death in Van Cortlandt Park on Friday night was identified yesterday as Antonio Torsiello of Lambertville, N. J. The identification of Lambertville, N. J. The identification was brought about by the dicovery of a slip of paper bearing the name of Sabbato Gizzi of Lambertville, which was discovered by Detective Petrosino of the Central Office. Petrosino went to Lambertville, found Gizzi and from him learned that the description of the dead man fitted Torsiello. Later Gizzi came to the city and made the identification.

identification.
Gizzi said that the dead man had recently Gizzi said that the dead man had recently been advertising for a brother whom he had not seen for some years. A few days ago he received a letter purporting to come from his brother at Yonkers. On the first pay day after the letter Torsiello, who worked on the railroad, took a day off and started for New York to meet his brother. He had with him \$200 besides his wages. The police are now searching for the brother. If he turns out to be a myth, as they fear, they will feel certain that the letter was a decoy.

Paris Clerk a Heavy Defaulter. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS. Aug. 19.-The Comptoir Des Comptes announces that one of its clerks is a defaulter. His peculations amount to a

At \$7.90

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At

BEGINNING ON MONDAY WE ANNOUNCE The Post-Season Sale of Oxfords

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN At Final Price Reductions.

Saks & Company

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street.

Not the flotsam and jetsam of the market-not shoes which have been hawked about the town suing for favor, but the standard Saks shoes from our regular stock are involved. Perhaps you know their high character—perhaps you are conscious of the grace that characterizes the models and the excellent

leathers of which they are fashioned. Then this offer means all the more to you. Oxfords for Women: Walking Pumps, Gibson Ties and Oxfords of patent leather, gun metal calfskin, vici kid, white buckskin or white canvas.

Formerly \$3.50 to \$5.00. Gibson Ties, Oxfords and Walking Pumps of patent leather or vici kid. Formerly \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Gibson Ties, Pumps and Oxford Ties of tan Russia Calf and pongee or brown kid. Formerly \$3.50 and \$5.00. Gibson Ties of white canvas.

Formerly \$2.50.

Oxfords for Men: Oxfords of patent leather, gun metal calf or

wax calf, for the greater part hand sewn. Formerly \$6.00. Oxfords of patent leather, calfskin, vici kid and tan Russia calf or white buckskin, in lace or

Blucher models. Formerly \$3.50 and \$4.00. Oxfords of patent coltskin or velour calf, straight lasts with medium or broad toes.

Formerly \$3.00 and \$3.50. For Misses and Children:

Oxford Ties of patent leather, vici kid and tan calfskin or kidskin. Lace and Button Shoes of tan calfskin, with hand welted soles. Slippers of patent leather and black or red kidskin in one, three and five strap models.

Formerly \$1.50 to \$2.50. Boys' Oxfords of tan Russia calf, patent leather or box calf, in lace or blucher models, and lace shoes of tan calf.

Formerly \$2.00 and \$2.50.

with deep hemstitched border, one and one-half yards long, the

standard price of which is one dollar.

\$1.00 Veils at 50c

Chiffon Veils in black, brown, navy, light blue, pink or white,

Post-Season Sale of Paintings AT THIRTY TO FIFTY PER CENT. UNDER VALUE.

Special at \$17.50 and \$25.

Our gallery is subject to the business creed that governs the rest of our shop, which demands that even paintings know but one season with us. To satisfy it, this sale has been organized. It concerns a collection of ninety-seven pictures in a diversified series of subjects done in oils. Massive gold frames protected by hard wood shadow boxes.

Sturdy pins wrought of solid sterling silver (.925 fine) and heavily plated with 14k gold. Five sizes in 14 distinctive settings—all rhinestones, all pearls, pearls and rhinestones, turquoise, amethyst or topaz, rhinestones and sapphires, ruby, emerald, turquoise, aqua marine, light sapphire, tourmaline or amethyst, alternating. They are offered at materially less than the standard prices.

Seven stone size in any setting. Nine stone size in any setting. Eleven stone size in any setting. Thirteen stone size in any setting.

UKASE RUSSIA'S BIG VICTORY.

THOUGH CZARGIVES LITTLE, WAY IS OPENED FOR MORE.

Voting Qualification Is Placed Extremely High, but the Essential Fact Remains That It Is the First Time an Autcerat Permitted Public Discussion.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, Aug. 19.-The crisis of the peace conference is regarded as trivial compared with the epoch making importance of the Czar's ukase, which absorbs public attention.

An observer's first effort must be to resist sharing the attitude of cynical suspicion which the entire population immediately assumes toward everything issuing from the Government.

When this has been overcome it is clear that a great historic event has taken place sia, and to-day, which is the feast of the Transfiguration, will stand among the anniversaries which great nations celebrate in honor of a victory in the struggle for self-government. This can be said despite many limitations which surround

the Emperor's scheme. Foremost among these is the ominous fact that the great industrial army whose restless agitation has so often paralyzed the authorities is completely left out. The artisans who tried to reach the Emperor in January and the working population who are in a chronic struggle with the Cossacks at Moscow, Warsaw, Odessa and elsewhere, remain just where they are. Because they have ceased to share in the life of their native villages they are not allowed that fractional share in the franchise which the villages may enjoy as

collective units. In every other respect the voting qualification is placed extremely high. Where only men occupying town property at an annual rental of \$660 or cossessing an agrarian estate worth \$7,500 have votes. it may be assumed that not 5 per cent. of the adult male population will receive the suffrage. It must also be remembered that a peasant with \$750 worth of real estate h s only a tenth part of a vote in electing the first assembly electors, who will then

choose a member of the Imperial Duma. The present manifesto, moreover, defers grappling with the problem of how the Poles, Finns, Tartars and other non-Russian nationalities shall be placed in the new

The word Jew appears nowhere, thus classing the Jews, for the purpose of suffrage, with the orthodox Russians. The general poverty of the Jews will permit only a few merchants of their race in large cities to

There remains, however, the great essential fact that for the first time in the history of the Russian Empire an assembly for the discussion of public affairs by representatives of the people is lawfully permitted. The right is grudgingly given. Its intrinsic political value is practically nil, but it is all that was expected and at least furnishes machinery which will be used for gaining real reforms and a real

expression of the popular will. It is beyond question that the Imperial Duma will from the first moment of its meeting struggle for greater powers, and it is scarcely less doubtful that the autocrat will not long withhold them.

It is in this light that educated, independent Russians regard to-day's event. They see in it the heaviest blow dealt to the bureaucracy since it arrogated the complete administration of the country. No matter how limited is the basis of suffrage to the first assembly elected, it is certain to contain enough independent force to attack immediately the network of obscurantist chicanery from the Baltic to the Pacific which is the real tyranny of Russia COLOGNE, Aug. 19 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Gazette says that after the Czar received Mr. Witte's cipher despatch yesterday a council, at which all the Grand Dukes will be in attendance,

CZAR REVIEWS TROOPS.

Officers Entertained at Luncheon by the Emperor.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. PHTERSBURG, Aug. 19 .- The Emperor reviewed the Prevbrajensky Regiment today in the park at Peterhof. Afterward the officers took luncheon at the palace. The Empress, the Empress Dowager, the Queen of Greece and the Grand Dukes were present. The Emperor drank a toast in honor of the regiment, the oldest in the Russian Army. He made no allusion to current

The members of the court say the Czar was never in better health or spirits than he is now. He does not show much concern over the reports from Portsmouth since the Japanese conditions were made

The Imperial Senate was summoned at noon in the great hall of the Senate to hear the manifesto and ukase upon the National Assembly read. Only six Senators appeared.

Governor General Durnovo of Moscow has announced that now that the manifesto has been published all meetings in Moscow agitating the question of national government are forbidden. Fairbanks at Manchester.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 19 .- Vice-president and Mrs. Fairbanks arrived here by special train from Rutland at 5 o'clock this afternoon. They are the guests of Congressman and Mrs. D. J. Foster at the Equinox House.

Movements of Naval Vessels WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.-The following movements of vessels have been reported

to the Bureau of Navigation: Tank ship Arethusa, sailed from Portsmouth. Va., for Newport. Cruiser Galveston arrived at Port au Prince. Cruiser Atlanta, destroyer Dupont and tug Pawnee arrived in Newport. Tug Chickasaw sailed from Newport for Bradford. Cruiser Wolverine arrived in Chicago. Destroyors Lawrence and Stewart sailed from New London for a cruise. Monitor Terror sailed from Newport for Gardiner's Bay. Cruiser Minneapolis arrived at Grao. Gunboat Dubuque arrived at Boston. Collier Abarenda arrived at Newport News. Destroyer Decatur sailed from Tsingtau for Chefoo. Destroyer Perry arrived at Seattle. Battleships Maine, Missouri, Kentucky, Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Iowa and Massachusetts arrived at Narragansett Pier. Tank ship Arethusa, sailed from Ports

Army and Navy Orders.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Following army orders were issued to day:
A general court-martial to meet at Fort H. G. Wright, with Capt. John K. Cree, artillery, as president, and First Lieut. Ralph M. Mitchell, artillery, as Judge Advocate.

Major William D. Beach, General Staff, transferred from Tenth Cavalry to Fifteenth Cavalry, and Major Charles H. Grierson, from Fifteenth Cavalry to Tenth Cavalry and Major Warren P. Newcomb, artillery, from Second Provisional Regiment of Artillery to Fort Sheridan. First Lieut. Frank O. Whitlock, Fourteenth-Cavalry, from duty with isthmian Canal Commis-

The following naval orders have been issued: Rear Admiral C. J. Barclay, from navy yard, Puget Sound, to home.
Capt. W. T. Burwell, from command of the Independence to navy yard and station, Puget Sound, Commander J. H. Hetherington, retired, from the Minneapolis to treatment Naval Hospital, New York nsign F. R. Natie, from the Yankee to home Paymaster A. S. Peters, from navy yard, BosWILL NOT PROSECUTE DE. MOORE.

Attorney-General Pinds No Ground for Action Against Agricultural Scientist. WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.-Dr. George T. Moore, the scientist of nitro culture fame, who resigned as chief of the Division of Plant Industry in the Department of Agriculture some weeks ago, will not be prose-

cuted by the Government. Charges were then preferred against Dr. Moore to the effect that he held stock in a company said to have business relations with the Government.

When called upon to explain Dr. Moore

with the Government.

When called upon to explain Dr. Moore frankly told Secretary Wilson that his wife held stock in the concern, and that it had been taken in her name pending his decision as to whether he should retire from the public service and become an officer of the company.

Dr. Moore's explanation was accompanied by his resignation, and it was accepted by Secretary Wilson.

At the instance of President Rosevelt the case was referred to the Department of Justice, with a view to determining whether proceedings in the courts would lie against the scientist. The acting Attorney-General, J. C. McReynolds, has informed Secretary Wilson that there was nothing in Dr. Moore's transaction with the Nitro Culture Company justifying proceedings against him.

Dr. Moore will probably be engaged to complete the experiments in the Bureau of Plant Industry that were inaugurated by him, but whether he will be given a permanent appointment in the Department of Agriculture cannot be learned.

Announcement was made to-day that the next cotton crop report will be given out on Sept. 5. The monthly reports are usually released on the 3d. Sept. 3, the usual date, comes on Sunday, and the 4th is Labor Day. The report will not be released, therefore, until Tuesday, the 5th.

ISTHMUS COLD STORAGE.

ISTHMUS COLD STORAGE.

Chairman Shonts Comes to New York to Plan a Refrigerator Line.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19 .- T. P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission. has gone to New York to confer with experts concerning a plan which has been partially formed for establishing a line of cold storage equipment from New York clear across to the Pacific side of the

A refrigerating plant will be placed soon on the commission's steamship Mexico. The Mexico's sister ship, the Havana, is already so equipped. At Colon a cold storage plant will soon be completed having a capacity of 250,000 pounds. An ice making plant with a capacity of fifty tons daily will also be

Mr. Shonts has already ordered a large number of refrigerator cars which will be put in service on the Panama Railway.

A refrigerator train will leave Colon for Panama every morning when the plan is in full working order, leaving supplies at the various commissariats along the line of the railroad. The refrigerators on the Mexico will be placed on the main deck and will not be loaded until the last minute. The contents will be placed in cold storage at Colon and shipped out along the canal

HIGHWAYMEN GOT \$1,023. Held Up an Assistant Cashter in Day-

light. CHICAGO, Aug. 19.-After clubbing Harold G. Board, assistant cashier of the Cross Press and Sign Company, 53 Dayton street. into insensibility to-day, two daring highwaymen robbed him of a satchel containing \$1.023 and escaped. The crime was committed in broad daylight and within half a

block of Board's office. Mr. Board was returning from downtown, where he had drawn the money from a bank, and was on his way to the company's establishment to make out the weekly payrolls. As he approached an alley, two

rolls. As he approached an alley, two
young men sprang from it.
"Drop that value or I'll shoot," commanded one of the robbers. At the same
time Board received several blows on the
top of his head from a revolver in the hand
of one of the men. He was knocked to the
sidewalk, dazed.
One of the robbers grasped the value,
and both ran into the alley and disappeared.
It is believed by the police that the orime
was prearranged by the robbers, who had
learned of Board's custom of taking the
money to the firm's place of business from
the bank in the satchel and shadowed him.

the bank in the satchel and shadowed him. WOMAN FELL FROM GLACIER. Dropped Fifty Feet Down a Crevasse, but

KALISPELL, Mon., Aug. 19 .- As a party from the State biological station near here was ascending Sperry Glacier, Mrs. A. M. Burt of Jamestown, N. D., stepped upon a blind crevasse, and the ice and snow, undermined by the exceedingly hot weather of the last two summers gave way and she disappeared with a shriek. The men of the party cautiously approached the opening, which was about five feet wide, with a nearly straight fall of fifty feet They could see that far but no one was in sight. Listening carefully, they heard a call for help

ing carefully, they heard a call for help
They hastened back to camp, a distance
of three miles, and procured a rope.
The terrified woman finally got the end of
the noose under her arms and her rescuers
pulled away. She was brought to the surface in a fainting condition, badly bruised
by the fall after having been in her icy
tomb two hours. She was brought to Kalispell suffering greatly from the shock and
exposure.

By Marconi Wireless.

The Anchor liner Caledonia, from Glasgow, was reported 100 miles east of Nantucket lightship at 9:30 A. M. yesterday, and the Cunarder Slavonia, from the Mediterranean and Adriatic, was signaled 25 miles east at noon. The Caledonia will dock about 8 o'clock this morning and the Slavonia later.

The Weather.

There was a continuation of abnormally low temperatures in the Middle Atlantic and New England States yesterday, due to an area of high pres-sure resting over New England and extending well over the North Atlantic Ocean. It should continue equally cool in these districts to-day, with increasng cloudiness and brisk northeast winds on the

There were broken areas of low pressure in the Southwest and a separate low area developing over Fiorida, which looked very much like storm development. As this is the hurricane period, shipping interests should keep track of these low shipping interests should keep track of these low areas in the South. Showers and heavy rains were reported over Florids, and showers and thunderstorms throughout the States bordering the Mississippi from Arkanass and Mississippi northward to Minnesots and thence cast over the Ohio and Tennesoes valleys and Lake regions. The unsettled conditions were spreading eastward.

There were no decided changes of temperature. Fair weather prevailed in all the States touching the Rocky Mountains, and in the Northwest; also the Middle Atlantic and New England States. In this city the day was fair and cool; wind light and

this city the day was fair and cool; wind light and fresh, cast and northeast; average humidity, so t 8 A. M., 80.19; 8 P. M., 30.10. The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the model thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

1905. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1905. 1906. 1906. 1906. 1906. 1906. 1906. 1906. 1907. 71° 8P.M. 61° 70° 3P.M. 70° 72° 12 Mid. 61° 67° Highest temperature, 71°, at 2 P. M.

Washington Porecast for To-Day and To-Moreow For easiern New York, showers to-day; fair to-corrow; light to fresh east to south winds, becoming

eariable.

For New England, partly cloudy to-day, showers in west portion, warmer in east portion, except eastern Maine; showers to-night is east portion; to-morrow partly cloudy, fresh east to south winds.

For New Jersey, showers to-day; to-morrow fair, light to fresh east to south winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, showers to-day; to-morrow fair light to fresh south winds, becoming variable.

CHINA CAN'T BLUFF UNCLE SAM

WILL GET NO NEW TREATY AS LONG AS BOYCOTT LASTS.

The President Believed to Have Served

Notice on the Pekin Government That Attempt at Coercion Will Fall—Negotiations Haited by Question of Classes. WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Until the present anti-American movement in China subsides and the boycott comes to an end, either

through failure in itself or by some action on the part of the Chinese Government, no action will be taken to renew the negotiations for the new exclusion treaty China This can be said on the authority of the

Chinese Legation here, and it is believed that such a notice has been sent from Oyster Bay, through Minister Rockhill, to the Press despatches from Pekin to-day state that the notice has been served, and thereby President Roosevelt has delivered

a blow in retaliation to the motives that prompted the boycott—the forcing of his Government to conclude a new treaty. The President has, in effect, notified China that this Government cannot be bluffed by such a movement as the boycott. Government officials here hope that the movement will die a natural death, and those who are familiar with the Chinese

way of doing things believe it will. Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, the Chinese Minister, came to Washington to-day on a brief business trip. He will return to Amherst, his summer home, in a few days. He called at the State Department, but he said there was no significance attached to his visit at this time and that he merely paid his respects to the acting Secretary

of State.

The Minister said his Government could do nothing toward putting an end to the boyoott; that the merchants in China were absolutely free to buy whatever goods they chose, and that the matter could not be controlled by the Government at Pekin. He said his Government had already done all that was possible by instructing the all that was possible by instructing the Governors and Viceroys of the various provinces to allay the movement in any

provinces to allay the movement in any way possible.

The present status of the negotiations for the new treaty is apparently very simple. The Chinese Government desires that the treaty shall provide merely for the exclusion of laborers, with specifications as to just what shall constitute a laborer. The Chinese Minister has said that this point could be governed by the definition of the word by American law.

The United States Government contends that those who may be permitted to enter should be specified by classes. The Chinese refuse to concede this point, maintaining that some class would be sure to be left out.

At present the laws of this country permit the free entry of five classes—merchants, students, travelers, officials and teachers. If a man happens to be a banker or possibly a scientist, there is no way he can come into the United States.

There are so many classes which are really entitled to enter free, according to the Chinese view, that, if any effort were to be made to set up a distinct list of those who might come in, there would be no end of confusion and dispute. It would be much better, the Chinese contend, to make provision for the acquision of the laboring class. better, the Chinese contend, to make pro-vision for the exclusion of the laboring class and let every one else in free. The Chinese Minister has had no instructions recently concerning the treaty, but he expects some word from his Government before return-ing to Amherst.

It became known to-day that the in-flamed mind of the Chinese against Ameri-cans is due in some extent to the fact that eports were sent out that the negotiations reports were sent out that the negotiations for the treaty were to be transferred from Washington to Pekin. These reports were published when Minister Rockhill left Washington for Pekin to assume his duties there, and were reproduced in Chinese newspapers. It was said that he would endeavor to settle matters at Pekin. Such was not the end but for some reason the Chinese

settle matters at Pekin. Such was not the case, but for some reason the Chinese merchants did not like the reports, and thought that it was an attempt on the part of this country to obtain some visionary advantage. They believed that it would be far better to trust the matter to the Minister here. It became known to-day that the Minister twice complained to Secretary Hay concerning the reports, which emanated from the State Department.

Document Expected to Reach Washington

Te-day-Will Be Made Public. WASHINGTON, Aug. 19 .- The report of the proceedings of the court of inquiry into the accident on the gunboat Bennington in the harbor at San Diego, Cal., on Juy 21 is expected in Washington within a day or two. Officials of the Navy Department are

awaiting it with considerable anxiety. Half a dozen reports of an official character have reached the Department from San Diego, some of which may lay blame on some one, but all future action on the accident will be governed by the findings of the court of inquiry. Its contents are not known here. Secretary Bonaparte refuses to make known any of the details of the accident as set forth in the reports that have already been submitted to him. The report of the inquiry was mailed from San Diego by Rear Admiral Goodrich of last Monday, but had not reached the Department this afternoon. It is expected that the papers will arrive by to-morrow at the latest and it is possible that the findings will be made known on Monday.

According to Secretary Bonaparte the result of the inquiry will be given to the public at the earliest advisable moment.

It was said here to-day that an investigation of the boilers of all the ships of the navy, prompted by the accident on the Bennington, has been made, and that many were found to be defective, and that these vessels had been quietly sent to navy yards for repairs. No confirmation of this is obtainable at the Navy Department. of the court of inquiry. Its contents are

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So that the end of the season may find us without a

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Formerly \$4.50 to \$10.00 At \$2.95

Formerly \$2.95 to \$4.50 At \$1.95

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extreme in the final revision of prices.

Misses' Skirts of linen and white mohair.

Girls' Coats of pongee silk and white wool cloth.

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Waists of allover lace with | Lingerie Waists of white lawn medallions, silk lined, At \$4.90 or colored batiste, Value \$8.50 At \$5.90 Value \$7.50 Washable Flannel Waists in the "Country Club" model, with long or short sleeves, open neck, roll collar and "pirate" tie-a waist

Final Price Reductions Involving

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Suits, Coats & Dresses for Women Are Announced for Monday.

The season's business has left us with one or two suits in this style, a dress in that, and a coat in another—not many of any one thing, yet collectively the garments warrant a final clearance. And the prices have been reduced to serve that purpose.

Suits of white and colored linens, At Shirt Waist Dresses of lawns & linens. \$7.50 Formerly \$14.00 to \$35.00 Shirt Waist Suits of silks representing our entire stock. Various models. \$9.50 Formerly \$15.00 to \$22.50 Coats of taffeta and pongee silk.

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Regularly 45c. At 29c

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